IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

CURTIS W. JOHNSON,	§		
Plaintiff,	§		
	§		
vs.	§		
	§	CIVIL ACTION NO.	
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§		
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;	§		
METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	§		
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY;	§		
VERNON ANDERSON; AND	§		
REDDRICK SCOTT,	§		
Defendants.	§		

DEFENDANT'S INDEX OF DOCUMENTS

The following Exhibits are relied upon and incorporated by reference in Defendants' Notice of Removal:

- A. An index of all documents that clearly identifies each document and indicates the date the document was filed in state court:
 - 1. Civil Docket Sheet
 - 2. Plaintiff's Original Petition filed 08/20/2015
 - 3. Jury Demand filed 08/20/2015
 - 4. Civil Case Information Sheet filed 08/20/2015
 - 5. Plaintiff's First Amended Original Petition filed 09/01/2015
 - 6. Return of Service Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company filed 09/28/2015
 - 7. Return of Service Metropolitan Property and Casualty filed 09/28/2015
 - 8. Return of Service Vernon Anderson filed 09/28/2015
 - 9. Return of Service Reddrick Scott filed 09/28/2015

- 10. Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas' Original Answer filed 10/06/2015
- 11. Defendant Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company's Original Answer filed 10/06/2015
- 12. Defendants Vernon Anderson and Reddrick Scott's Original Answer filed 10/06/2015

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N. Document 1-1. Filed 10/12/15. Page 3 of 73. PageID 17
Skip to Main Content Lodout My Account Search Menu New CMI District Search Retine Search Back.

REGISTER OF ACTIONS

CASE No. DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON vs. METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE

COMPANY OF TEXAS, et al

 $\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega\omega$

Case Type: MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT

Date Filed: 08/20/2015

Location: 162nd District Court

PARTY INFORMATION

DEFENDANT ANDERSON, VERNON

DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE

COMPANY OF TEXAS

Retained 214-987-9600(W)

Lead Attorneys

DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND

CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY

MICHAEL J SHIPMAN

MICHAEL J SHIPMAN

Retained 214-987-9600(W)

DEFENDANT SCOTT, REDDRICK

PLAINTIFF JOHNSON, CURTIS W. ZACHARY D HERBERT

Retained 214-378-6665(W)

EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT

OTHER EVENTS AND HEARINGS

08/20/2015 NEW CASE FILED (OCA) - CIVIL

08/20/2015 ORIGINAL PETITION

PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL PETITION

08/20/2015 **JURY DEMAND**

JURY DEMAND

08/20/2015 CASE FILING COVER SHEET
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET

08/20/2015 ISSUE CITATION

00/20/2015 1330E CITATION

08/27/2015 **CITATION**

ANDERSON, VERNON Served 09/25/2015 09/28/2015 Returned METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY 09/24/2015 Served **INSURANCE COMPANY** Returned 09/28/2015 SCOTT, REDDRICK Served 09/25/2015 Returned 09/28/2015 METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY Served 09/24/2015 OF TEXAS Returned 09/28/2015

08/27/2015 CITATION ISSUED

09/01/2015 **AMENDED PETITION**

PLAINTIFFS 1ST

09/28/2015 **RETURN OF SERVICE**

EXECUTED CITATION - METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY
RETURN OF SERVICE

09/28/2015 RETURN OF SERVICE
EXECUTED CITATION

EXECUTED CITATION METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASULTY

09/28/2015 **RETURN OF SERVICE**

EXECUTED CITATION - VERNAN ANDERSON

09/28/2015 **RETURN OF SERVICE**

EXECUTED CITATION - REDDRICK SCOTT

10/06/2015 ORIGINAL ANSWER - GENERAL DENIAL 10/06/2015 ORIGINAL ANSWER - GENERAL DENIAL

10/06/2015 ORIGINAL ANSWER - GENERAL DENIAL

Vernon Anderson and Reddrick Scott's Original Answer

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

PLAINTIFF JOHNSON, CURTIS W. Total Financial Assessment Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 10/06/2015



339 00

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 4 of 73 PageID 18
Transaction Assessment
CREDIT CARD - TEXFILE (DC)

Receipt # 49542-2015-DCLK

JOHNSON, CURTIS W.

339.00 (339.00)

4 CIT/ŒSERM5-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 5 of 73 PageID 19

	DC-15-09583	Gay Smith
CAUSE NO		
CURTIS W. JOHNSON;	§ §	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
Plaintiff,	§ §	
VS.	§ §	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§	
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	; 9 &	
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON; AND REDDRICK SCOTT;	r; §	162ND-I JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Defendants.

PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL PETITION AND REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE, FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES, FIRST REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS, FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION AND REQUEST FOR PRIVILEGE LOG TO DEFENDANTS

TO THE HONORABLE COURT:

Curtis W. Johnson file Plaintiff's Original Petition complaining of Defendants, Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas ("MetLife"), Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company ("MetLife"), Vernon Anderson ("Anderson") and Reddrick Scott ("Scott").

I. DISCOVERY CONTROL PLAN

Discovery is intended to be conducted under Level 3 pursuant to Rule 190 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

II. EXPEDITED TRIAL RULE

As required by Rule 47(b), Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that the damages sought are in an amount within the

jurisdictional limits of this Court. As required by Rule 47(c), Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that Plaintiff seeks monetary relief of over over \$200,000.00 but not more than \$1,000,000.00. The amount of monetary relief actually awarded, however, will ultimately be determined by a jury. Plaintiff also seeks pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the highest legal rate.

III. PARTIES

Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson is an individual resident of Duncanville, Dallas County, Texas. His driver's license number is ****163 and his social security number is ***-**-*158.

Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas is an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Texas, and said corporation is engaged in writing insurance in Texas. Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas may be served with process herein by and through its registered agent for service, CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, #900, Dallas, Texas 75201.

Defendant Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company is an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Texas, and said corporation is engaged in writing insurance in Texas. Defendant Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company may be served with process herein by and through its registered agent for service, CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, #900, Dallas, Texas 75201.

Vernon Anderson is an individual and resident of Dallas, Dallas County,
Texas. She may be served with process at 4618 Lester Drive, Dallas, Texas
75219.
Defendant Reddrick Scott is an individual resident of Providence Village,
Denton County, Texas. Defendant may be served with process at 10001
Lexington Drive, Providence Village, Texas 76227.

IV. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

The court has jurisdiction over the cause because the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of the court.

The court has jurisdiction over each Defendant because the causes of action arise out of the business Defendant conducted in Texas.

Venue is proper in Dallas County, Texas, because the defendants' principal office in this state is in Dallas County.

V. FACTS

Curtis W. Johnson is a consumer for purposes of the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act.

This is a suit for contractual benefits due to Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson as a result of a motor vehicle collision that occurred on Tuesday, August 26, 2014, on TX-12 Loop within the city limits of Dallas, Dallas County, Texas. At the time and on the occasion in question, Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson had slowed due to traffic ahead on TX-12 Loop. Maria Trevino was operating a vehicle behind Mr. Johnson. Maria Trevino failed to slow and/ or stop, colliding hard with the

Plaintiff's vehicle. As a result of the collision, Plaintiffs were injured and continue to suffer injuries and damages from this incident.

At the time in question, Curtis W. Johnson was acting in a reasonable and prudent manner when Maria Trevino, an uninsured motorist, committed a number of acts of negligence during the operation and use of a motor vehicle, which served as a proximate cause of the motor vehicle collision and injuries complained of herein. Maria Trevino's acts of negligence were as follows:

- Maria Trevino failed to keep such proper lookout and attention to the roadway as a person of ordinary prudence would have kept under the same or similar circumstances;
- b. Maria Trevino failed to control the speed of her vehicle;
- c. Maria Trevino failed to keep an assured safe distance from Plaintiffs' vehicle;
- d. Maria Trevino failed to timely apply the brakes of her vehicle in order to avoid the collision in question; and
- e. Maria Trevino failed to turn her vehicle in an effort to avoid the collision.

Each of the above and foregoing acts and omissions, singularly or in combination, constituted the negligence that was the proximate cause of the motor vehicle collision and consequently the injuries and damages of Plaintiff.

At all relevant times, Plaintiff was insured under an automobile insurance policy with Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas and/ or Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company, Policy No. 512224467, ("the Policy"), which insured Plaintiff in the event he was damaged or injured.

The Policy contains certain endorsements including endorsement TEO401C (the PIP Endorsement) for Personal Injury Protection. The PIP Endorsement states that:

A. Coverage

We [MetLife] will pay Personal Injury Protection benefits because of bodily Injury:

- 1. Resulting from a motor vehicle accident and
- 2. Sustained by person insured

Our payment will only be for losses or expenses incurred within three years from the date of the accident. Personal Injury Protection benefits consists of:

1. Necessary expenses for medical ... services

Plaintiff presented his claim for Personal Injury Protection benefits under his contract of insurance with MetLife. MetLife assigned Vernon Anderson to adjust the claim. Plaintiff also presented MetLife with all bills reflecting Plaintiff's necessary medical expenses which totaled over \$10,000.

The Policy provided for \$2,500 in personal injury protection, yet Mr.

Anderson only authorized payment of approximately \$29.59 which was later paid by MetLife.

VI. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

Plaintiff asserts that all conditions precedent to the bringing of these causes of action have been performed or have occurred prior to the filing of the causes of action at bar.

At all relevant times, Plaintiff was insured under an automobile insurance policy with Defendant Metlife, Policy No. 512224467, which insured in the event he was damaged or injured by the negligence of an uninsured motorist. Plaintiff has complied with all the terms and conditions of the policy prior to bringing this action. Plaintiff would show that at the time of trial of this matter he will offer into evidence a copy of said policy, unless the original of the same is produced by Defendant Metlife, at said trial. In this regard, Plaintiff would show that Maria Trevino was in fact an uninsured motorist as defined by law and the policy in question.

Plaintiff presented his claim for uninsured motorist benefits under the contract of insurance with Metlife. Plaintiff pleads that all conditions precedent to filing suit have been complied with, including the statutory notice provision.

VII. DECLARATORY RELIEF

Plaintiff asserts claims under Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code 37.001, *et seq.* to have his rights, status, and other legal relationships under the Insurance Policy he purchased from Defendant Metlife, established by a court of competent jurisdiction. Plaintiff seeks a declaration from the Court that:

- A. The negligence of Maria Trevino in that automobile wreck was the proximate cause of bodily injuries and damages to , which injuries include the following:
 - 1. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;

- 2. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;
- 3. Loss of earnings in the past;
- 4. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 5. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 6. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- 7. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- 8. Mental anguish suffered in the past;
- 9. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future;
- 10. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- 11. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.
- B. Plaintiff's claim for uninsured motorist benefits under Policy No. 512224467, (hereafter the "Insurance Policy") as a result of a car wreck that occurred on August 26, 2014, is covered under the Insurance Policy;
- C. Plaintiff also seeks a declaration determining the amount of uninsured motorist benefits that he is entitled to recover from Defendant Metlife, after all applicable set-offs and credits, for each of the following elements of damages covered under the Insurance Policy:
 - 1. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;
 - 2. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;

- 3. Lost wages in the past;
- 4. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 5. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 6. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- 7. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- 8. Mental anguish suffered in the past;
- 9. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future;
- 10. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- 11. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.

Pursuant to §37.009 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code,
Plaintiff seeks all costs and reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees, as are
equitable and just, which are incurred or which may be incurred in this matter
including all such fees and expenses:

- a. For preparation and trial:
- b. For an appeal to the Court of Appeals;
- c. For making or responding to an application for writ of error to the Supreme Court of Texas; and
- d. If application for writ of error is granted by the Supreme Court of Texas.

Plaintiff now asks the Court, pursuant to the Texas Declaratory Judgments Act §37.001 *et. seq.*, for a declaration that his injuries and damages fall within the

coverage of the Insurance Policy issued by Defendant Metlife and for a declaration of his rights to such benefits and judgment against Defendant.

VIII. DAMAGES

Plaintiff alleges that as a direct and proximate result of the conduct and negligent acts and omissions of the uninsured motorist, Plaintiff is entitled to recover at least the following damages from Defendant Metlife:

- Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;
- b. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;
- c. Lost wages in the past;
- d. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- e. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- f. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- g. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- h. Mental anguish suffered in the past:
- i. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future;
- j. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- k. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST METLIFE REGARDING THE PIP POLICY

A. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

Pursuant to the Texas Declaratory Judgment Act, Plaintiff is entitled to a declaration that the Policy unambiguously provides coverage for the necessary medical expenses he incurred. Alternatively, Plaintiff request a declaration that the Policy is ambiguous and must be interpreted in his favor.

B. BREACH OF CONTRACT

MetLife's conduct constitutes a breach of the insurance contract made between MetLife and Plaintiff. MetLife's failure and refusal, as described above, to pay the adequate compensation as it is obligated to do under the terms of the Policy in question and under the laws of the State of Texas, constitutes a breach of MetLife's insurance contract with Plaintiff. Plaintiff has satisfied all conditions precedent to the fulfillment of its contractual demands. Accordingly, additionally, or in the alternative, Plaintiff brings an action for breach of contract against MetLife, pursuant to Texas statutory and common law, including Chapter 38 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code, and seeks all of its damages for such breach, including actual damages, consequential damages, personal property damage, attorneys' fees, prejudgment interest, other litigation expenses and cost of court.

C. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

MetLife's conduct constitutes multiple violations of Texas Insurance Code Chapter 541 and particularly TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a). All violations under this Chapter are made actionable by TEX. INS. CODE §541.151

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to the coverage at issues, constitutes an unfair method of competition and unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(A)(1).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above of failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy is reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(2)(A).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for the offer of a compromise settlement of Plaintiff's claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(3).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claims to Plaintiff or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(4).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(7).

D. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLIAMS

MetLife's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Claim Settlement Practices Act. All violations made under this Chapter are made actionable by TEX. INS. CODE § 542.060.

MetLife's failure to acknowledge receipt of Plaintiff's claim, commence investigation of the claims, and request from Plaintiff all items, statements, and forms that it reasonably believed would be required within the applicable time constraints, as described above, constitutes a non-prompt payment of claims and violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.055.

MetLife's failure, as described above, to notify Plaintiff in writing of its acceptance or rejection of the claim within the applicable time constraints, constitutes a non-prompt payment of a claim and violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.056.

MetLife's delay of the payment of Plaintiff's claim as described above, following its receipt of all items, statements, and forms reasonably requested and required, longer than the amount of time provided for, constitutes a non-prompt payment of a clam and a violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.058.

E. .DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES

At all times pertinent, Plaintiff was a "Consumer" as defined in Section 17.54(4) of the Texas Business and Commerce Code, referred to as the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices-Consumer Protection Act ("DTPA.")

MetLife and its agents, including Vernon Anderson violated provisions of the DTPA including the following:

- 1. Violations of the Texas Insurance Code as set forth above;
- 2. Representing that the Policy had benefits which it did not have;
- representing that the Policy conferred or involved rights and remedies that it did not have;
- promulgating and selling a Policy which is worthless, provides
 little or no coverage, and is illusory;
- 5. misrepresenting the terms of an agreement;
- representing that the Policy had characteristics, standards or coverage which it did not have;
- 7. failing to disclose information that was known at the time of the purchase of the Policy because it was intended to induce Plaintiff into purchasing the Policy; and
- 8. engaging in an unconscionable act or course of action

The deceptive acts and practices herein were in connection with Plaintiff's purchase of and claim under the Policy. Plaintiff relied on the false, misleading and deceptive acts and practices as alleged herein to its detriment, and the conduct described above was the producing cause of injury and damage to

Plaintiff. As a result of the conduct of MetLife and Mr. Anderson, Plaintiff has suffered damages including, without limitation, actual, economic and consequential damages.

One or more of the foregoing acts or omissions were "knowingly" made. Accordingly, Plaintiff will seek treble damages pursuant to TEX. BUS. & COMM. CODE §17.50(b)(1).

F. BAD FAITH

MetLife has refused to pay or has delayed paying a claim after liability has become reasonably clear. MetLife has refused to pay, delayed paying or has offered grossly inadequate and unconscionable sums to settle the claim submitted by Plaintiff. This constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to an insured in insurance contracts. Therefore, MetLife has acted in bad faith.

G. FRAUD

MetLife is liable to Plaintiff for common law fraud. Each and every one of the representations, as described above, concerned material facts which MetLife knew were false or made recklessly without any knowledge of their truth as a positive assertion. The statements were made with the intention that they should be acted upon by Plaintiff, who in turn acted in reliance upon the statements, thereby causing Plaintiff to suffer injury, and constituting common law fraud.

H. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

Vernon Anderson's conduct constitutes multiple violations of

TEX.INS.CODE §541.060(a). All violations under this article are made actionable by TEX.INS.CODE §541.151.

Vernon Anderson is individually liable for her unfair and deceptive acts, irrespective of the fact she was acting on behalf of MetLife, because she is a "person," as defined by TEX.INS.CODE §541.002(2). The term "person" is defined as "an individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal or interinsurance exchange, MetLife's plan, fraternal benefit society, or other legal entity engaged in the business of insurance, including an agent, broker, *adjuster*, or life and health insurance counselor." TEX.INS.CODE §541.002(2)(emphasis added).

Vernon Anderson's unfair settlement practices, in failing to respond to Plaintiff's questions about insurance coverage, and to explain the basis for her and MetLife's determinations in regard to the claims made; in failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for the offer of a compromise settlement of the claim; in failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy is reasonably clear; in failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff; and, in refusing to pay a claim without conducting a reasonable investigation with respect to the claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair

and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX.INS.CODE §541.060(2)(A), (3), (4) and (7).

IX.

KNOWLEDGE AND INTENT

Each of the Defendants' acts described above, together and singularly, were done "knowingly" and "intentionally" and were a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages described herein.

X.

DAMAGES

Plaintiff would show that all of the aforementioned acts, taken together or singularly, constitute the producing causes of the damages sustained by Plaintiff.

For breach of contract, Plaintiff is entitled to regain the benefit of his bargain, which is the amount of Plaintiff's claim, together with attorney's fees.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §541, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages, which include the loss of the benefits that should have been paid pursuant to the policy, mental anguish, court costs and attorney's fees. For knowing conduct of the acts complained of, Plaintiff asks for three times the actual damages. See TEX. INS. CODE §541.152.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §542, Plaintiff is entitled to the amount of Plaintiff's claim, as well as eighteen (18) percent interest per annum of the amount of such claim as damages, together with attorney's fees. See TEX. INS. CODE §542.060.

For breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages, including all forms of loss resulting from the insurer's breach of duty, such as additional costs, economic hardship, losses due to nonpayment of the amount the insurer owed, exemplary damages and damages for emotional distress.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §542, Plaintiff is entitled to economic damages, which include the amount of benefits wrongly withheld. For knowing conduct violations, with regard to these breaches of duty, Plaintiff is entitled to damages for mental anguish, and Plaintiff also asks for three times the economic damages. For intentional conduct violations, with regard to these breaches of duty, Plaintiff is entitled to economic damages and damages for mental anguish, and Plaintiff asks for three times the amount of economic and mental anguish damages. Plaintiff is also entitled to court costs and attorney's fees. TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE §17.50(b)(1).

For common law fraud, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages and exemplary damages for knowing fraudulent and malicious representations, along with attorney's fees, interest and court costs.

IX. ATTORNEYS' FEES

Because of the conduct of Defendant, Plaintiff has been forced to engage the services of an attorney to prosecute this action. Plaintiff is entitled to recover a reasonable sum for the necessary services of the attorneys in the preparation

and trial of this action and for any appeals to the court of appeals or the Texas Supreme Court. Therefore, an award of reasonable attorneys' fees is authorized by §37.009 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code.

X. INTEREST

Plaintiff is also entitled to pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs of Court as allowed by law in addition to the interest available under the Texas Insurance Code.

XI. U.S. LIFE TABLES

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant that Plaintiff intends to use the U.S. Life Tables as prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services.

XII. REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury and include the appropriate jury fee.

XIII. REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

Pursuant to Rule 194 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure the Defendant is requested to disclose, within fifty (50) days of service of this request, the information or material described in Rule 194.2 (a)-(l).

XIV. DISCOVERY DOCUMENTS

Contemporaneously with this petition, Plaintiff serves to Defendant

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories, First Request for Admissions, and First

Request for Production to Defendants.

XV. PRAYER

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff requests that

Defendants be cited to appear and answer herein, and that upon final hearing
thereof, recover judgment against Defendants for:

- 1. Plaintiff's past medical expenses, which are reasonable and customary for the medical care received by;
- Plaintiff's future medical expenses;
- 3. Plaintiff's lost wages in the past and loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 4. Plaintiff's physical pain and suffering in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;
- 5. Plaintiff's mental anguish in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;
- 6. Plaintiff's physical impairment in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;
- 7. Plaintiff's property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 8. Interest on the judgment at the legal rate from the date of judgment;
- 9. Pre-judgment interest on Plaintiff's damages as allowed by law;
- 10. Exemplary damages under common law, the Texas Insurance Code and the DTPA
- 11. All costs of court; and

12.

Such other and further relief to which may be justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

EBERSTEIN & WITHERITE, LLP

BY: Isl Zachary D. Herbert

ZACHARY D. HERBERT State Bar No. 24069908 zherbert@ewlawyers.com

AMY K. WITHERITE
State Bar No. 00788698

awitherite@ewlawyers.com
3100 Monticello Avenue, Suite 500
Dallas, Texas 75205
214/378-6665
214/378-6670 (fax)

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

FILED DALLAS COUNTY 8/20/2015 6:05:52 PM

30.00 JURY DEMAND se 3:15 cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15

Page 26 of 73 PageID 40 FELICIA PITRE 3100 Monticello Avenue, Suite 50 TRICT CLERK Dallas, Texas 75205-3432

(800) 779-6665 (214) 378-6665

Larissa N. Flake

Writer's Direct Dial: 972-354-3472 Writer's Fax: 214-935-2696

Writer's E-mail: Iflake@ewlawyers.com

Attorney's Email: zherbert@ewlawyers.com

Gay Smith

August 20, 2015

VIA E-FILE

EBERSTEIN

WITHERITE

∃LLP≡

Ms. Felicia Pitre
Dallas County District Clerk
George L. Allen, Sr. Courts Bldg.
600 Commerce Street, 1st Floor
Dallas, TX 75202

Re: Johnson, Curtis v. Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas, et al.;

Dear Ms. Pitre:

Plaintiff requests trial by jury. Plaintiff's jury fee of \$30.00 is being submitted through E-File.

Please do not hesitate to call with any questions or concerns. Thank you for your assistance

Sincerely,

Larissa N. Flake

Paralegal to Zachary D. Herbert

/Inf

Enclosures

FILED

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document Ast Infilem 10/12/15 Herenge 27 of 73 PageID 41 FELICIA PITRE DC-15-09583 CAUSE NUMBER (FOR CLERK USE ONLY): __ COURT (FOR CLERK USE ONLY):

		surance Co; In r d when an orig	e Mary Ann Jones; In the N ginal petition or applica	Matter of the Estate of ation is filed to initi	George Jackson) ate a new civi	l, family law, probate, or mental
1. Contact information for perso	n completing case informatio	n sheet:	Names of parties in	case:	Person	or entity completing sheet is:
Name: Zachary D. Herbert	Email: zherbert@ewlawyers.com		Plaintiff(s)/Petitioner(s): CURTIS W. JOHNSON		■ Attorney for Plaintiff/Petitioner □ Pro Se Plaintiff/Petitioner □ Title IV-D Agency □ Other:	
Address: 3100 Monticello Ave., #500	Fax: 214-378-6670		Defendant(s)/Respondent(s): METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;		Additional Parties in Child Support Case: Custodial Parent:	
City/State/Zip: Dallas TX 75205					Non-Cust	Non-Custodial Parent:
Signature: State Bar No: 24069908		METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND [Attach additional page as necessary to list all parties]			Presumed Father:	
2. Indicate case type, or identify	the most important issue in t	he case (selec	<u> </u>			
	Civil				Fam	ily Law
Contract	Injury or Damage		Real Property	Marriage Re	lationship	Post-judgment Actions (non-Title IV-D)
Debt/Contract Consumer/DTPA Debt/Contract Fraud/Misrepresentation Other Debt/Contract: Foreclosure Home Equity—Expedited	□ Assault/Battery □ Construction □ Defamation Malpractice □ Accounting □ Legal □ Medical □ Other Professional	Co Pai Qu Tre	ninent Domain/ Indemnation	□ Annulment □ Declare Ma Divorce □ With Chi □ No Child	rriage Void	□ Enforcement □ Modification—Custody □ Modification—Other Title IV-D □ Enforcement/Modification □ Paternity □ Reciprocals (UIFSA) □ Support Order
☐ Other Foreclosure ☐ Franchise ☐ Insurance ☐ Landlord/Tenant ☐ Non-Competition ☐ Partnership ☐ Other Contract:	Liability: Motor Vehicle Accident Premises Product Liability Asbestos/Silica Other Product Liability List Product: Other Injury or Damage:	Expunction Judgment Nisi Non-Disclosure Seizure/Forfeiture Writ of Habeas Corpus-Pre-indictment		Other Family Law Enforce Foreign Judgment Habeas Corpus Name Change Protective Order Removal of Disabilities of Minority Other:		Parent-Child Relationship Adoption/Adoption with Termination Child Protection Child Support Custody or Visitation Gestational Parenting Grandparent Access Parentage/Paternity
Employment		Other Civil		-		☐Termination of Parental Rights
Discrimination Retaliation Termination Workers' Compensation Other Employment:	Administrative Appeal Antitrust/Unfair Competition Code Violations Foreign Judgment Intellectual Property	□La □Pe □Se	wyer Discipline rpetuate Testimony curities/Stock rtious Interference her:			Other Parent-Child:
Tax			Probate & 1	Mental Health		
☐ Tax Appraisal ☐ Tax Delinquency ☐ Other Tax	☐Dependent Administr	Wills/Intestate Administration pendent Administration lependent Administration		☐ Guardianship—Adult ☐ Guardianship—Minor ☐ Mental Health ☐ Other:		
3. Indicate procedure or remedy Appeal from Municipal or Jus Arbitration-related Attachment Bill of Review Certiorari Class Action 4. Indicate damages sought (do Less than \$100,000, including Less than \$100,000 and non-	not select if it is a family law of damages of any kind, penaltie nonetary relief than \$200,000	☐ Declaratory Judgment ☐ Garnishment ☐ Interpleader ☐ License ☐ Mandamus ☐ Post-judgment		☐ Prejudgment Remedy ☐ Protective Order ☐ Receiver ☐ Sequestration ☐ Temporary Restraining Order/Injunction ☐ Turnover rest, and attorney fees		

Over \$1,000,000

CAUSE NO. DC-15-09583

CURTIS W. JOHNSON;	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
VS.	§	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
	§	
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§	
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;	§	
METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	§	
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY;	§	
VERNON ANDERSON; AND	§	
REDDRICK SCOTT;	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	162 nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST AMENDED ORIGINAL PETITION

TO THE HONORABLE COURT:

Curtis W. Johnson file Plaintiff's First Amended Original Petition complaining of Defendants, Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas ("MetLife"), Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company ("MetLife"), Vernon Anderson ("Anderson") and Reddrick Scott ("Scott").

I. DISCOVERY CONTROL PLAN

Discovery is intended to be conducted under Level 3 pursuant to Rule 190 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

II. EXPEDITED TRIAL RULE

As required by Rule 47(b), Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that the damages sought are in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court. As required by Rule 47(c), Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that Plaintiff seeks monetary relief of over



over \$200,000.00 but not more than \$1,000,000.00. The amount of monetary relief actually awarded, however, will ultimately be determined by a jury. Plaintiff also seeks pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the highest legal rate.

III. PARTIES

Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson is an individual resident of Duncanville, Dallas County, Texas. His driver's license number is ****163 and his social security number is ***-**-*158.

Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas is an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Texas, and said corporation is engaged in writing insurance in Texas. Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas may be served with process herein by and through its registered agent for service, CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, #900, Dallas, Texas 75201.

Defendant Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company is an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Texas, and said corporation is engaged in writing insurance in Texas. Defendant Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company may be served with process herein by and through its registered agent for service, CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, #900, Dallas, Texas 75201.

Vernon Anderson is an individual and resident of Dallas, Dallas County, Texas. She may be served with process at 4618 Lester Drive, Dallas, Texas 75219.

Defendant Reddrick Scott is an individual resident of Providence Village,

Denton County, Texas. Defendant may be served with process at 10001

Lexington Drive, Providence Village, Texas 76227.

IV. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

The court has jurisdiction over the cause because the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of the court.

The court has jurisdiction over each Defendant because the causes of action arise out of the business Defendant conducted in Texas.

Venue is proper in Dallas County, Texas, because the defendants' principal office in this state is in Dallas County.

V. FACTS

Curtis W. Johnson is a consumer for purposes of the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act.

This is a suit for contractual benefits due to Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson as a result of a motor vehicle collision that occurred on Tuesday, August 26, 2014, on TX-12 Loop within the city limits of Dallas, Dallas County, Texas. At the time and on the occasion in question, Plaintiff Curtis W. Johnson had slowed due to traffic ahead on TX-12 Loop. Dennis L. Trevino was operating a vehicle behind Mr. Johnson. Dennis L. Trevino failed to slow and/ or stop, colliding hard with the

Plaintiff's vehicle. As a result of the collision, Plaintiff was injured and continues to suffer injuries and damages from this incident.

At the time in question, Curtis W. Johnson was acting in a reasonable and prudent manner when Dennis L. Trevino, an uninsured motorist, committed a number of acts of negligence during the operation and use of a motor vehicle, which served as a proximate cause of the motor vehicle collision and injuries complained of herein. Dennis L. Trevino's acts of negligence were as follows:

- a. Dennis L. Trevino failed to keep such proper lookout and attention to the roadway as a person of ordinary prudence would have kept under the same or similar circumstances;
- b. Dennis L. Trevino failed to control the speed of his vehicle;
- c. Dennis L. Trevino failed to keep an assured safe distance from Plaintiff's vehicle;
- d. Dennis L. Trevino failed to timely apply the brakes of his vehicle in order to avoid the collision in question; and
- e. Dennis L. Trevino failed to turn his vehicle in an effort to avoid the collision.

Each of the above and foregoing acts and omissions, singularly or in combination, constituted the negligence that was the proximate cause of the motor vehicle collision and consequently the injuries and damages of Plaintiff.

At all relevant times, Plaintiff was insured under an automobile insurance policy with Defendant Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas and/ or Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company, Policy No. 512224467, ("the Policy"), which insured Plaintiff in the event he was damaged or injured.

The Policy contains certain endorsements including endorsement TEO401C (the PIP Endorsement) for Personal Injury Protection. The PIP Endorsement states that:

A. Coverage

We [MetLife] will pay Personal Injury Protection benefits because of bodily Injury:

- 1. Resulting from a motor vehicle accident and
- 2. Sustained by person insured

Our payment will only be for losses or expenses incurred within three years from the date of the accident. Personal Injury Protection benefits consists of:

1. Necessary expenses for medical ... services

Plaintiff presented his claim for Personal Injury Protection benefits under his contract of insurance with MetLife. MetLife assigned Vernon Anderson to adjust the claim. Plaintiff also presented MetLife with all bills reflecting Plaintiff's necessary medical expenses which totaled over \$10,000.

The Policy provided for \$2,500 in personal injury protection, yet Mr.

Anderson only authorized payment of approximately \$29.59 which was later paid by MetLife.

VI. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

Plaintiff asserts that all conditions precedent to the bringing of these causes of action have been performed or have occurred prior to the filing of the causes of action at bar.

At all relevant times, Plaintiff was insured under an automobile insurance policy with Defendant Metlife, Policy No. 512224467, which insured in the event he was damaged or injured by the negligence of an uninsured motorist. Plaintiff has complied with all the terms and conditions of the policy prior to bringing this action. Plaintiff would show that at the time of trial of this matter he will offer into evidence a copy of said policy, unless the original of the same is produced by Defendant Metlife, at said trial. In this regard, Plaintiff would show that Dennis L. Trevino was in fact an uninsured motorist as defined by law and the policy in question.

Plaintiff presented his claim for uninsured motorist benefits under the contract of insurance with Metlife. Plaintiff pleads that all conditions precedent to filing suit have been complied with, including the statutory notice provision.

VII. DECLARATORY RELIEF

Plaintiff asserts claims under Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code 37.001, *et seq.* to have his rights, status, and other legal relationships under the Insurance Policy he purchased from Defendant Metlife, established by a court of competent jurisdiction. Plaintiff seeks a declaration from the Court that:

- A. The negligence of Dennis L. Trevino in that automobile wreck was the proximate cause of bodily injuries and damages to , which injuries include the following:
 - Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;

- 2. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;
- 3. Loss of earnings in the past;
- 4. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 5. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 6. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- 7. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- 8. Mental anguish suffered in the past;
- 9. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future:
- 10. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- 11. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.
- B. Plaintiff's claim for uninsured motorist benefits under Policy No. 512224467, (hereafter the "Insurance Policy") as a result of a car wreck that occurred on August 26, 2014, is covered under the Insurance Policy;
- C. Plaintiff also seeks a declaration determining the amount of uninsured motorist benefits that he is entitled to recover from Defendant Metlife, after all applicable set-offs and credits, for each of the following elements of damages covered under the Insurance Policy:
 - 1. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;
 - 2. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;

- 3. Lost wages in the past;
- 4. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 5. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 6. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- 7. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- 8. Mental anguish suffered in the past;
- 9. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future;
- 10. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- 11. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.

Pursuant to §37.009 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code,
Plaintiff seeks all costs and reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees, as are
equitable and just, which are incurred or which may be incurred in this matter
including all such fees and expenses:

- a. For preparation and trial;
- b. For an appeal to the Court of Appeals;
- c. For making or responding to an application for writ of error to the Supreme Court of Texas; and
- d. If application for writ of error is granted by the Supreme Court of Texas.

Plaintiff now asks the Court, pursuant to the Texas Declaratory Judgments Act §37.001 *et. seq.*, for a declaration that his injuries and damages fall within the

coverage of the Insurance Policy issued by Defendant Metlife and for a declaration of his rights to such benefits and judgment against Defendant.

VIII. DAMAGES

Plaintiff alleges that as a direct and proximate result of the conduct and negligent acts and omissions of the uninsured motorist, Plaintiff is entitled to recover at least the following damages from Defendant Metlife:

- Reasonable and necessary health care expenses incurred in the past;
- b. Reasonable and necessary health care expenses, which in all reasonable probability, will be incurred in the future;
- c. Lost wages in the past;
- d. Loss of earning capacity in the future;
- e. Property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- f. Physical pain and suffering in the past;
- g. Physical pain and suffering which, in all reasonable probability, will be endured in the future;
- h. Mental anguish suffered in the past;
- i. Mental anguish which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future;
- j. Physical impairment suffered in the past; and
- k. Physical impairment which, in all reasonable probability, will be suffered in the future.

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST METLIFE REGARDING THE PIP POLICY

A. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

Pursuant to the Texas Declaratory Judgment Act, Plaintiff is entitled to a declaration that the Policy unambiguously provides coverage for the necessary medical expenses he incurred. Alternatively, Plaintiff request a declaration that the Policy is ambiguous and must be interpreted in his favor.

B. BREACH OF CONTRACT

MetLife's conduct constitutes a breach of the insurance contract made between MetLife and Plaintiff. MetLife's failure and refusal, as described above, to pay the adequate compensation as it is obligated to do under the terms of the Policy in question and under the laws of the State of Texas, constitutes a breach of MetLife's insurance contract with Plaintiff. Plaintiff has satisfied all conditions precedent to the fulfillment of its contractual demands. Accordingly, additionally, or in the alternative, Plaintiff brings an action for breach of contract against MetLife, pursuant to Texas statutory and common law, including Chapter 38 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code, and seeks all of its damages for such breach, including actual damages, consequential damages, personal property damage, attorneys' fees, prejudgment interest, other litigation expenses and cost of court.

C. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

MetLife's conduct constitutes multiple violations of Texas Insurance Code Chapter 541 and particularly TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a). All violations under this Chapter are made actionable by TEX. INS. CODE §541.151

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to the coverage at issues, constitutes an unfair method of competition and unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(A)(1).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above of failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy is reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(2)(A).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for the offer of a compromise settlement of Plaintiff's claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(3).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claims to Plaintiff or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(4).

MetLife's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX. INS. CODE § 541.060(a)(7).

D. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLIAMS

MetLife's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Claim Settlement Practices Act. All violations made under this Chapter are made actionable by TEX. INS. CODE § 542.060.

MetLife's failure to acknowledge receipt of Plaintiff's claim, commence investigation of the claims, and request from Plaintiff all items, statements, and forms that it reasonably believed would be required within the applicable time constraints, as described above, constitutes a non-prompt payment of claims and violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.055.

MetLife's failure, as described above, to notify Plaintiff in writing of its acceptance or rejection of the claim within the applicable time constraints, constitutes a non-prompt payment of a claim and violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.056.

MetLife's delay of the payment of Plaintiff's claim as described above, following its receipt of all items, statements, and forms reasonably requested and required, longer than the amount of time provided for, constitutes a non-prompt payment of a clam and a violation of TEX. INS. CODE § 542.058.

E. .DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES

At all times pertinent, Plaintiff was a "Consumer" as defined in Section 17.54(4) of the Texas Business and Commerce Code, referred to as the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices-Consumer Protection Act ("DTPA.")

MetLife and its agents, including Vernon Anderson violated provisions of the DTPA including the following:

- 1. Violations of the Texas Insurance Code as set forth above;
- 2. Representing that the Policy had benefits which it did not have;
- representing that the Policy conferred or involved rights and remedies that it did not have;
- promulgating and selling a Policy which is worthless, provides
 little or no coverage, and is illusory;
- 5. misrepresenting the terms of an agreement;
- representing that the Policy had characteristics, standards or coverage which it did not have;
- failing to disclose information that was known at the time of the purchase of the Policy because it was intended to induce
 Plaintiff into purchasing the Policy; and
- 8. engaging in an unconscionable act or course of action

The deceptive acts and practices herein were in connection with Plaintiff's purchase of and claim under the Policy. Plaintiff relied on the false, misleading and deceptive acts and practices as alleged herein to its detriment, and the conduct described above was the producing cause of injury and damage to

Plaintiff. As a result of the conduct of MetLife and Mr. Anderson, Plaintiff has suffered damages including, without limitation, actual, economic and consequential damages.

One or more of the foregoing acts or omissions were "knowingly" made. Accordingly, Plaintiff will seek treble damages pursuant to TEX. BUS. & COMM. CODE §17.50(b)(1).

F. BAD FAITH

MetLife has refused to pay or has delayed paying a claim after liability has become reasonably clear. MetLife has refused to pay, delayed paying or has offered grossly inadequate and unconscionable sums to settle the claim submitted by Plaintiff. This constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to an insured in insurance contracts. Therefore, MetLife has acted in bad faith.

G. FRAUD

MetLife is liable to Plaintiff for common law fraud. Each and every one of the representations, as described above, concerned material facts which MetLife knew were false or made recklessly without any knowledge of their truth as a positive assertion. The statements were made with the intention that they should be acted upon by Plaintiff, who in turn acted in reliance upon the statements, thereby causing Plaintiff to suffer injury, and constituting common law fraud.

H. NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

Vernon Anderson's conduct constitutes multiple violations of

TEX.INS.CODE §541.060(a). All violations under this article are made actionable by TEX.INS.CODE §541.151.

Vernon Anderson is individually liable for her unfair and deceptive acts, irrespective of the fact she was acting on behalf of MetLife, because she is a "person," as defined by TEX.INS.CODE §541.002(2). The term "person" is defined as "an individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal or interinsurance exchange, MetLife's plan, fraternal benefit society, or other legal entity engaged in the business of insurance, including an agent, broker, *adjuster*, or life and health insurance counselor." TEX.INS.CODE §541.002(2)(emphasis added).

Vernon Anderson's unfair settlement practices, in failing to respond to Plaintiff's questions about insurance coverage, and to explain the basis for her and MetLife's determinations in regard to the claims made; in failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for the offer of a compromise settlement of the claim; in failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy is reasonably clear; in failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff; and, in refusing to pay a claim without conducting a reasonable investigation with respect to the claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair

and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. See TEX.INS.CODE §541.060(2)(A), (3), (4) and (7).

IX.

KNOWLEDGE AND INTENT

Each of the Defendants' acts described above, together and singularly, were done "knowingly" and "intentionally" and were a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages described herein.

X.

DAMAGES

Plaintiff would show that all of the aforementioned acts, taken together or singularly, constitute the producing causes of the damages sustained by Plaintiff.

For breach of contract, Plaintiff is entitled to regain the benefit of his bargain, which is the amount of Plaintiff's claim, together with attorney's fees.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §541, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages, which include the loss of the benefits that should have been paid pursuant to the policy, mental anguish, court costs and attorney's fees. For knowing conduct of the acts complained of, Plaintiff asks for three times the actual damages. See TEX. INS. CODE §541.152.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §542, Plaintiff is entitled to the amount of Plaintiff's claim, as well as eighteen (18) percent interest per annum of the amount of such claim as damages, together with attorney's fees. See TEX. INS. CODE §542.060.

For breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages, including all forms of loss resulting from the insurer's breach of duty, such as additional costs, economic hardship, losses due to nonpayment of the amount the insurer owed, exemplary damages and damages for emotional distress.

For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code §542, Plaintiff is entitled to economic damages, which include the amount of benefits wrongly withheld. For knowing conduct violations, with regard to these breaches of duty, Plaintiff is entitled to damages for mental anguish, and Plaintiff also asks for three times the economic damages. For intentional conduct violations, with regard to these breaches of duty, Plaintiff is entitled to economic damages and damages for mental anguish, and Plaintiff asks for three times the amount of economic and mental anguish damages. Plaintiff is also entitled to court costs and attorney's fees. TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE §17.50(b)(1).

For common law fraud, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages and exemplary damages for knowing fraudulent and malicious representations, along with attorney's fees, interest and court costs.

XI. ATTORNEYS' FEES

Because of the conduct of Defendant, Plaintiff has been forced to engage the services of an attorney to prosecute this action. Plaintiff is entitled to recover a reasonable sum for the necessary services of the attorneys in the preparation

and trial of this action and for any appeals to the court of appeals or the Texas Supreme Court. Therefore, an award of reasonable attorneys' fees is authorized by §37.009 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code.

XII. INTEREST

Plaintiff is also entitled to pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs of Court as allowed by law in addition to the interest available under the Texas Insurance Code.

XIII. U.S. LIFE TABLES

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant that Plaintiff intends to use the U.S. Life Tables as prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services.

XIV. REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury and include the appropriate jury fee.

XV. PRAYER

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff requests that

Defendants be cited to appear and answer herein, and that upon final hearing
thereof, recover judgment against Defendants for:

- Plaintiff's past medical expenses, which are reasonable and customary for the medical care received by;
- 2. Plaintiff's future medical expenses;
- 3. Plaintiff's lost wages in the past and loss of earning capacity in the future;
- 4. Plaintiff's physical pain and suffering in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;

- 5. Plaintiff's mental anguish in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;
- 6. Plaintiff's physical impairment in the past and future in an amount to be determined by the jury;
- 7. Plaintiff's property damage and loss of use of Plaintiff's vehicle;
- 8. Interest on the judgment at the legal rate from the date of judgment;
- 9. Pre-judgment interest on Plaintiff's damages as allowed by law;
- Exemplary damages under common law, the Texas Insurance Code and the DTPA
- 11. All costs of court; and
- 12. Such other and further relief to which may be justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

EBERSTEIN & WITHERITE, LLP

BY:/s/ Zachary D. Herbert

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214/378-6665

214/378-6670 (fax)

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 47 of 73 PageID 61

Cause No. DC-15-09583

Dianne Coffey

CURTIS JOHNSON

IN THE DISTRICT COURT

VS.

162nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON AND REDDRICK SCOTT

DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

RETURN OF SERVICE

Came to hand on the 3	1/44 day of End	ermand 20	15 at //w/ A	m and executed
at 1999 BRYAN STREET, (Address)	(Apt#)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
within the county of TAL				
12:50 <u>(</u> .m. by deliveri	ng to Metropoli	tan Lloyds Insu	rance Compa	any of Texas by
serving Its Registered Agen	t, CT Corporatio	on System, in per	<i>le loaqual.</i> son, a true coj	y of the Citation
together with a true and correct	ct copy of the Plai	intiff's First Ame	nded Original	Petition, First Set
of Interrogatories, First Reque	est for Admission	is, First Request	for Production	and Request for
Privilege Log to Defendant	filed in this caus	se, having first e	ndorsed there	upon the date of
delivery.				
	ву: <u></u>	vate Process Serv	4	
	Pri	vate Process Serv	er	
	SCH#_/	Expires:	7/31/17	_
	`	IFICATION		
BEFORE ME, a Lames N. Benneth foregoing document and beir contained are true and correct outcome. Given under my har	known to be and that he is not and and seal of office	e the person wh uly sworn, declar t a party to this la	ose name is a red that the solwsuit and has by of Septem	subscribed to the tatements therein no interest in the

LYNETTE G. OVERALL
Notary Public, State of Texas
My Commission Expires
August 04, 2019

Notary Public, State of Texas

FORM NO. 353-3 - CITATION THE STATE OF TEXAS

To:

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS BY SERVING ITS REGISTERED AGENT CT CORPORATION SYSTEM 1999 BRYAN STREET #900 DALLAS TX 75201

GREETINGS:

You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10 o'clock a.m. of the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you. Your answer should be addressed to the clerk of the 162nd District Court at 600 Commerce Street, Ste. 101, Dallas, Texas 75202.

Said Plaintiff being CURTIS W. JOHNSON

Filed in said Court 20th day of August, 2015 against

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON; AND REDDRICK SCOTT;

For Suit, said suit being numbered <u>DC-15-09583</u>, the nature of which demand is as follows: Suit on MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT etc. as shown on said petition REQ FOR DISCLOSURE, REQ FOR ADMISSIONS, REQ FOR PRODUCTION, REQ INTERROGATORIES, a copy of which accompanies this citation. If this citation is not served, it shall be returned unexecuted.

WITNESS: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County Texas. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court at office this 27th day of August, 2015.

ATTEST: FELICIA PITRE	Clerk of the District Courts	of Dallas, County, Texas
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ESERVE

CITATION

DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON
vs.
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXA
et al

ISSUED THIS 27th day of August, 2015

FELICIA PITRE Clerk District Courts, Dallas County, Texas

By: DAMARCUS OFFORD, Deputy

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
ZACHARY D HERBERT
ZHERBERT@EWLAWYERS.COM
3100 MONTICELLO AVE SUITE 500
DALLAS TX 75205
214-378-6665

DALLAS COUNTY SERVICE FEES NOT PAID

OFFICER'S RETURN

Case No.: DC-15-09583 Court No.162nd District Court Style: CURTIS JOHNSON METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS, et al Came to hand on the ______day of ______, 20_____, at _____o'clock ____.M. Executed at ______, within the County of ______ at _____ o'clock _____.M. on the ______day of ______. 20_____, by delivering to the within named each, in person, a true copy of this Citation together with the accompanying copy of this pleading, having first endorsed on same date of delivery. The distance actually traveled by me in serving such process was _____miles and my fees are as follows: To certify which witness my hand. For serving Citation of_____County,____ For mileage By______Deputy For Notary (Must be verified if served outside the State of Texas.) before me this ____ day of ______. Signed and sworn to by the said_____ to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

Notary Public_____County___

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 50 of 73 PageID 64

Dianne Coffey

Cause No. DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON

IN THE DISTRICT COURT

VS.

162nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON AND REDDRICK SCOTT

> LYNETTE G. OVERALL Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires August 04, 2019

DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

RETURN OF SERVICE

Came to hand on the <u>14</u>				
at 1999 BRYAN STREET, (Address)	Suite 900,	DALLAS	TEXAS T	25201,
within the county of DALLA	15	on the 2474	day of Sept	<u> കേട്ടര</u> , 2015 at
$\underline{\rho}$.m. by delivering by serving Its Registered Agen	to Metropolita	n Property and	Casualty Inst	urance Company
by serving Its Registered Agen	t, CT Corpora	ition System, in pe	erson, a true co	py of the Citation
together with a true and correct	copy of the Pla	intiff's First Amer	nded Original	Petition, First Set
of Interrogatories, First Request	for Admission	ns, First Request	for Production	n and Request for
Privilege Log to Defendant file	ed in this caus	se, having first e	ndorsed there	upon the date of
delivery.				
	By: Ac	vate Process Servi		
	✓ Pri	vate Process Serve	er	
	SCH#	Expires:	7/3//17	_
	<u>ver</u>	RIFICATION		
BEFORE ME, a COMPENDENT foregoing document and being contained are true and correct ar outcome. Given under my hand	known to be by me first do that he is no and seal of offi	uly sworn, declar t a party to this la	ose name is red that the swsuit and has yof <u>Septer</u>	subscribed to the statements therein no interest in the

Notary Public, State of Texas

FORM NO. 353-3 - CITATION THE STATE OF TEXAS

To:

METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY BY SERVING ITS REGISTERED AGENT CT CORPORATION SYSTEM 1999 BRYAN STREET #900 DALLAS TX 75201

GREETINGS:

You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10 o'clock a.m. of the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you. Your answer should be addressed to the clerk of the 162nd District Court at 600 Commerce Street, Ste. 101, Dallas, Texas 75202.

Said Plaintiff being CURTIS W. JOHNSON

Filed in said Court 20th day of August, 2015 against

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON; AND REDDRICK SCOTT;

For Suit, said suit being numbered DC-15-09583, the nature of which demand is as follows: Suit on MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT etc. as shown on said petition REO FOR DISCLOSURE, REQ FOR ADMISSIONS, REQ FOR PRODUCTION, REQ INTERROGATORIES, a copy of which accompanies this citation. If this citation is not served, it shall be returned unexecuted.

WITNESS: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County Texas. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court at office this 27th day of August, 2015.

ATTEST: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County, Texasympor

Damarcus Offord

Deputy 🗒 💍

Mannanni V

DAMARCUS OFFORD

ESERVE

CITATION

DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON VS. METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS. et al

> **ISSUED THIS** 27th day of August, 2015

> > **FELICIA PITRE** Clerk District Courts. Dallas County, Texas

By: DAMARCUS OFFORD, Deputy

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF **ZACHARY D HERBERT** ZHERBERT@EWLAWYERS.COM 3100 MONTICELLO AVE SUITE 500 DALLAS TX 75205 214-378-6665

> **DALLAS COUNTY** SERVICE FEES **NOT PAID**

OFFICER'S RETURN

Case No.: DC-15-09583 Court No.162nd District Court Style: CURTIS JOHNSON METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS, et al Came to hand on the _____day of ______, 20_____, at _____o'clock______.M. Executed at ______. within the County of ______ at _____o'clock _____.M. on the ______day of ______. 20_____, by delivering to the within named each, in person, a true copy of this Citation together with the accompanying copy of this pleading, having first endorsed on same date of delivery. The distance actually traveled by me in serving such process was _____miles and my fees are as follows: To certify which witness my hand. For serving Citation of_____County,____ For mileage By ______Deputy For Notary (Must be verified if served outside the State of Texas.) ___before me this_____day of _______, 20_____. Signed and sworn to by the said_____ to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

Notary Public_____County____

DISTRICT CLERK

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 53 of 73 PageID 67

Dianne Coffey

Cause No. DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON

IN THE DISTRICT COURT

VS.

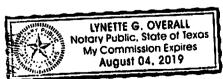
162nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON AND REDDRICK SCOTT

DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

RETURN OF SERVICE

Came to hand on the 24 TH day of SEPTEMBER, 2015 at 11:14 A.m. and executed at 3640 REGENT BLVD. SUTELSO, IRVING, TEXAS TSOLS (Address) (Apt#) (City) (State) (Zip Code)
AL 3660 REGENT BLVD. SWIELSO, IRVING, TEXAS TSOLS,
within the county of DALLAS on the 25 TH day of SEPTEMBER, 2015 at
2:48
cogether with a true and correct copy of the Plaintiff's First Amended Original Petition filed in
this cause, having first endorsed thereupon the date of delivery.
By: Q
V Private Process Server
SCH# 196 Expires: 2/3//15
VERIFICATION
BEFORE ME, a Notary Public, on this day personally appeared <u>Notary Notary Notary Public</u> , on this day personally appeared known to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing document and being by me first duly sworn, declared that the statements therein contained are true and correct and that he is not a party to this lawsuit and has no interest in the outcome. Given under my hand and seal of office this <u>Str</u> day of <u>September</u> , 2015.
Notary Public, State of Texas



FORM NO. 353-3 - CITATION THE STATE OF TEXAS

To:

VERNON ANDERSON 4618 LESTER DRIVE DALLAS TX 75219

GREETINGS:

You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10 o'clock a.m. of the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you. Your answer should be addressed to the clerk of the 162nd District Court at 600 Commerce Street, Ste. 101, Dallas, Texas 75202.

Said Plaintiff being CURTIS W. JOHNSON

Filed in said Court 20th day of August, 2015 against

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON; AND REDDRICK SCOTT;

For Suit, said suit being numbered <u>DC-15-09583</u>, the nature of which demand is as follows: Suit on MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT etc. as shown on said petition REQ FOR DISCLOSURE, REQ FOR ADMISSIONS, REQ FOR PRODUCTION, REQ INTERROGATORIES, a copy of which accompanies this citation. If this citation is not served, it shall be returned unexecuted.

WITNESS: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County Texas. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court at office this 27th day of August, 2015.

ATTEST: FELICIA PITRE,	Clerk of the District	Courts of Dallas,	County, Texas
	Damarcus C	Offord	-

	0011101000 011010	
By_		, Deput
•	DAMARCUS OFFORD	•



ESERVE

CITATION

DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON
vs.
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS,
et al

ISSUED THIS 27th day of August, 2015

FELICIA PITRE Clerk District Courts, Dallas County, Texas

By: DAMARCUS OFFORD, Deputy

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
ZACHARY D HERBERT
ZHERBERT@EWLAWYERS.COM
3100 MONTICELLO AVE SUITE 500
DALLAS TX 75205
214-378-6665

DALLAS COUNTY
SERVICE FEES
NOT PAID

OFFICER'S RETURN

Case No.: DC-15-09585							
Court No.162nd District C	Court						
Style: CURTIS JOHNSON	N						
vs.							
METROPOLITAN LLOY	'DS INSURANCE COMPAN	VY OF TEXAS, et al					
Came to hand on the	day of	, 20	, at	o'clock	M. Executed at	ı <u></u>	·
within the County of	a	ıt o'cle	ockM. on	the	day of		
20, by	delivering to the within name	đ					
							
_	y of this Citation together with		-	·	orsed on same date of	f delivery. The distance	e actually traveled by
me in serving such proces	s wasmiles and m	y fees are as follows:	To certify which w	itness my hand.			
	For serving Citation	\$					
	For mileage	\$	of		_County,		
	For Notary	\$	Ву			Deputy	
		(Must be veri	fied if served outside	the State of Texa	ıs.)		
Signed and sworn to by th	e said	before me th	nisday of		, 20,		
to certify which witness n	ny hand and seal of office.						
			Notary	Public	County_		

Case 3:15-cv-03288-N Document 1-1 Filed 10/12/15 Page 56 of 73 PageID 70

Dianne Coffey

Cause No. DC-15-09583

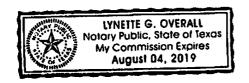
CURTIS JOHNSON	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
VS.	162 nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON AND	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

RETURN OF SERVICE

Came to hand on the 24 day of Seerenber, 2015 at 11114 q.m. and executed

at 3LCo REGENT BLVD.,	Sum 150	IRYING.	TEXAS	25063	,
(Address)			(State)	(Zip Code)	
within the county of DAL	Las	on the 2577	day of	<i>1ember</i> , 20)15 at
	g to Reddrick S	cott in person, a tr	ue copy of the	he Citation to	gether
with a true and correct copy of	the Plaintiff's F	irst Amended Orig	ginal Petition	n filed in this	cause,
having first endorsed thereupon	n the date of deli	very.			
	By: Q_	- VBamell	-		
	Pr	ivate Process Serv	er		
	SCH# <u>/</u> 4	Expires:	7/31/17		
	<u>VEI</u>	RIFICATION			
	known to g by me first dand that he is no	ot a party to this la	ose name is red that the two it and his y of <u>Septe</u>	s subscribed statements t as no interest mbec, 201	herein in the

Notary Public, State of Texas



REDDRICK SCOTT

FORM NO. 353-3 - CITATION THE STATE OF TEXAS

To:

REDDRICK SCOTT 10001 LEXINGTON DRIVE PROVIDENCE VILLAGE TX 76227

GREETINGS:

You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10 o'clock a.m. of the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you. Your answer should be addressed to the clerk of the **162nd District Court** at 600 Commerce Street, Ste. 101, Dallas, Texas 75202.

Said Plaintiff being CURTIS W. JOHNSON

Filed in said Court 20th day of August, 2015 against

METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS; METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY; VERNON ANDERSON; AND REDDRICK SCOTT;

For Suit, said suit being numbered <u>DC-15-09583</u>, the nature of which demand is as follows: Suit on MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT etc. as shown on said petition REQ FOR DISCLOSURE, REQ FOR ADMISSIONS, REQ FOR PRODUCTION, REQ INTERROGATORIES, a copy of which accompanies this citation. If this citation is not served, it shall be returned unexecuted.

WITNESS: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County Texas. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court at office this 27th day of August, 2015.

ATTEST: FELICIA PITRE, Clerk of the District Courts of Dallas, County, Texas Damarcus Offord

By______, Deputy

DAMARCUS OFFORD



ESERVE

CITATION

DC-15-09583

CURTIS JOHNSON
vs.
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS,
et al

ISSUED THIS 27th day of August, 2015

FELICIA PITRE Clerk District Courts, Dallas County, Texas

By: DAMARCUS OFFORD, Deputy

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
ZACHARY D HERBERT
ZHERBERT@EWLAWYERS.COM
3100 MONTICELLO AVE SUITE 500
DALLAS TX 75205
214-378-6665

DALLAS COUNTY SERVICE FEES NOT PAID

OFFICER'S RETURN

Case No.: DC-15-09583 Court No.162nd District Court Style: CURTIS JOHNSON METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS, et al. Came to hand on the ______day of ______, 20_____, at _____o'clock_____.M. Executed at ______, within the County of _____ at ______ o'clock .M. on the day of 20_____, by delivering to the within named each, in person, a true copy of this Citation together with the accompanying copy of this pleading, having first endorsed on same date of delivery. The distance actually traveled by me in serving such process was _____miles and my fees are as follows: To certify which witness my hand. For serving Citation of_____County, _____ For mileage By______Deputy For Notary (Must be verified if served outside the State of Texas.) Signed and sworn to by the said_______before me this______day of _______, 20______, to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

Notary Public County

MET. 22578

CAUSE NO. DC-15-09583

CURTIS W. JOHNSON,	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	. §	
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;	§	
METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	§	
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY;	§	
VERNON ANDERSON; AND	§	
REDDRICK SCOTT,	§	
Defendants.	8	162 nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS' ORIGINAL ANSWER

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

NOW COMES, METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS, (hereinafter "METROPOLITAN LLOYDS") one of the Defendants in the above-referenced case, and files this its Original Answer, and would show the Court as follows:

I.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS admits that it issued a policy of insurance number 5122244670 to Pamela C. Johnson and Curtis Johnson, and that said policy was in full force and effect on the date of the incident in question, August 26, 2014. Additionally, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS admits that said policy provided uninsured/underinsured motorists coverage, subject to all conditions and terms contained within such coverage.

II.

Subject to Paragraph I above, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS asserts a general denial, as authorized by Rule 92 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and respectfully requests

that the Court and the jury require Plaintiff to prove his claims, charges, and allegations by a preponderance of the evidence, as required by the constitution and laws of the State of Texas.

III.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS specifically denies that all conditions precedent to the Plaintiff's claims for recovery have been satisfied, in that under Texas law and the clear and express language of the insurance policy, the Plaintiff is not yet legally entitled to the benefits of such policy, the Plaintiff has not presented a "claim" at this time, and the Plaintiff has not established liability, causation, and damages with regard to the underlying motor vehicle accident in question.

IV.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS alleges that, under Texas law, it is not liable for breach of contract, prejudgment interest, or attorneys' fees.

V.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS would further show as a matter of law, the Plaintiff's claims seeking uninsured motorist benefits and attorney's fees do not exist at this time. Because the underlying tortfeasor(s) liability and the Plaintiff's damages have not been established by a signed judgment, no uninsured motorist claim exists, none has been presented to this Defendant, and no duty has been breached regarding the contract of insurance.

VI.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS specifically alleges that it did not breach any contract, any provision of the aforementioned insurance policy, or any statutory duty. In that regard, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS specifically alleges that the Plaintiff has not

demonstrated at this time that he is legally entitled to damages as required by the policy under Texas law.

VII.

Pleading further, if same be necessary, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS denies the Plaintiff's extra-contractual claim for breach of duty, for the reason that these claims reflect, at most, a bona fide dispute between the parties concerning the Plaintiff's alleged entitlement to certain benefits under the insurance policy in question and, as a result, extra-contractual recovery is precluded.

VIII.

Pleading further, if same be necessary, this Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS pleads that its liability, if any, under the insurance policy in question has not become reasonably clear.

IX.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS would further show the Court that the Plaintiff has failed to give the pre-filing notice of this suit, as required by law, and therefore this case should be abated until such notice has been given or, alternatively, this Defendant is entitled to partial summary judgment at this time.

X.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS also invokes § 18.091 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code and requests to the extent the Plaintiff seeks recovery for loss of earnings, loss of earning capacity, loss of contribution of a pecuniary value, or a loss of inheritance, that the evidence to prove such loss must be presented in the form of a net loss after reduction for income tax payments or unpaid tax liability. Defendant METROPOLITAN

LLOYDS further requests that the Court instruct the jury as to whether any recovery for compensatory damages sought by the Plaintiff is subject to federal income taxes.

XI.

Answering further and in the affirmative, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS invokes § 41.0105 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code concerning Plaintiff's claim for the recovery of health care expenses and other related damages, past and future.

XII.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS further alleges that the Plaintiff's claims for prejudgment interest are limited by the dates and amounts set forth in § 304.101 of the Texas Finance Code.

XIII.

For further answer, in the alternative, and by way of affirmative defense, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS would show that the injuries and damages complained of by Plaintiff herein are the result, in whole or in part, of pre-existing conditions and disabilities.

XIV.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS further alleges that Plaintiff's damages were caused by a new and independent cause.

XV.

Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS would further show that a declaratory judgment action does not vest a court with the power to pass upon hypothetical or contingent situations, or to determine questions not then essential to the decision of an actual controversy, although such questions may in the future require adjudication. An uninsured motorist ("UM") insurer is under no contractual duty to pay benefits until the insured obtains a judgment establishing liability and

damages against the uninsured driver. The UM contract is unique because, according to its terms, benefits are conditioned upon the insured's legal entitlement to receive damages from a third party. Until, it is first determined by judgment that Dennis L. Trevino: (1) is liable to Curtis W. Johnson; and (2) the amount of damages to be awarded, any determination regarding UM coverage is contingent, and not ripe for adjudication. Hence, this Court does not have subject matter jurisdiction to render any declaration regarding METROPOLITAN LLOYDS' UM coverage, since that issue is not justiciable.

XVI.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO TRCP 193

By way of further answer, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS hereby gives actual notice to the Plaintiff, that any and all documents produced during discovery by Plaintiff may be used against the Plaintiff, if any, at any pre-trial proceeding and/or trial of this matter without the necessity of authenticating the document. This notice is given pursuant to Rule 193.7 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

XVII.

JURY DEMAND

In accordance with Rule 216 of the TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, Defendant METROPOLITAN LLOYDS demands a trial by jury.

XVIII.

VERIFICATION

BEFORE ME, the undersigned Notary Public, on this day personally appeared MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN, who being by me first duly sworn on his oath, deposed and said that he is duly qualified and authorized in all respects to make this verification; that he is the attorney

of record for Metropolitan Lloyds Insurance Company of Texas and that the information contained in Paragraph III is true and correct based on information and belief.

SIGNED this the **b**t day of October, 2015.

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME by the said on this the day of February, 2015, to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.



NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR
THE STATE OF TEXAS

(Printed Name of Notary Public)

My Commission Expires: 10/07/2017

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Defendant, METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS, prays that the Plaintiff take nothing by his suit against this Defendant, that on final trial hereof this Defendant go hence with its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred herein, for post judgment interest in the amount allowed by law, and for such other and further relief, both general and special, at law or in equity, to which this Defendant may show itself justly entitled.

Respectfully Submitted,

FLETCHER, FARLEY, SHIPMAN, & SALINAS, L.L.P.

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN

State Bar No. 18268500

mike.shipman@fletcherfarley.com

KRISTI L. KAUTZ

State Bar No. 24060069

kristi.kautz@fletcherfarley.com

9201 North Central Expressway

Suite 600

Dallas, Texas 75231

214-987-9600

214-987-9866 (Fax)

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN

MET. 22578

CAUSE NO. DC-15-09583

CURTIS W. JOHNSON,	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	§	
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;	§	
METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	§	
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY;	§	
VERNON ANDERSON; AND	§	
REDDRICK SCOTT,	§	
Defendants.	§	162 nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY'S ORIGINAL ANSWER

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

NOW COMES, METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY (hereinafter "METROPOLITAN PROPERTY"), a Defendant in the above-entitled and numbered cause, and files this its Original Answer and for same would respectfully show unto the Court as follows:

I.

At this time Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY asserts a general denial, as authorized by Rule 92 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and respectfully requests that the Court and the jury require Plaintiff to prove his claims, charges, and allegations by a preponderance of the evidence, as required by the constitution and laws of the State of Texas.

<u>AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES</u>

II.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY invokes § 18.091 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code and requests to the extent the Plaintiffs seek recovery for loss of earnings, loss of earning capacity, loss of contribution of a pecuniary value, or a loss of inheritance, that the evidence to prove such loss must be presented in the form of a net loss after reduction for income tax payments or unpaid tax liability. Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY further requests that the Court instruct the jury as to whether any recovery for compensatory damages sought by the Plaintiff is subject to federal income taxes.

III.

Answering further and in the affirmative, Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY invokes § 41.0105 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code concerning Plaintiff's claim for the recovery of health care expenses and other related damages, past and future.

IV.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY further alleges that the Plaintiff's claims for pre-judgment interest are limited by the dates and amounts set forth in § 304.101 of the TEXAS FINANCE CODE.

V.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY says that Plaintiff's medical conditions, if any, preexisted the alleged incident in question and were solely due to uninvolved circumstances.

VI.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY pleads that it is not liable in the capacity in which it is sued and cannot be held liable for the damages claimed. Defendant

METROPOLITAN PROPERTY specifically denies that Plaintiff Curtis Johnson was insured under an automobile insurance policy issued by Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company, Policy No. 512224467, as alleged in Plaintiff's First Amended Original Petition.

VII.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY specifically denies that all conditions precedent to the Plaintiff's claims for recovery have been satisfied, in that under Texas law and the clear and express language of the insurance policy, the Plaintiff is not yet legally entitled to the benefits of such policy, the Plaintiff has not presented a "claim" at this time, and the Plaintiff has not established liability, causation, and damages with regard to the underlying motor vehicle accident in question.

VIII.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO TRCP 193

By way of further answer, Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY hereby gives actual notice to the Plaintiff, that any and all documents produced during discovery by Plaintiff may be used against the Plaintiff, if any, at any pre-trial proceeding and/or trial of this matter without the necessity of authenticating the document. This notice is given pursuant to Rule 193.7 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

IX.

Defendant METROPOLITAN PROPERTY hereby, in accordance with Rule 216 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, demands a trial by jury.

X.

VERIFICATION

BEFORE ME, the undersigned Notary Public, on this day personally appeared MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN, who being by me first duly sworn on his oath, deposed and said that he is duly qualified and authorized in all respects to make this verification; that he is the attorney of record for Metropolitan Property and Casualty Insurance Company and that the information contained in Paragraph VI and VII is true and correct based on information and belief.

SIGNED this the OY day of October, 2015.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME by the said on this the day of October, 2015, to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.



THE STATE OF TEXAS

(Printed Name of Notary Public)

My Commission Expires: 10/07/2017

WHEREFORE, **PREMISES** CONSIDERED, Defendant, **METROPOLITAN** PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY, prays that the Plaintiff take nothing by his suit against this Defendant, that on final trial hereof this Defendant go hence with its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred herein, for post judgment interest in the amount allowed by law, and for such other and further relief, both general and special, at law or in equity, to which this Defendant may show itself justly entitled.

Respectfully Submitted,

FLETCHER, FARLEY, SHIPMAN, & SALINAS, L.L.P.

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN

State Bar No. 18268500

mike.shipman@fletcherfarley.com

KRISTI L. KAUTZ

State Bar No. 24060069

kristi.kautz@fletcherfarley.com

9201 North Central Expressway

Suite 600

Dallas, Texas 75231

214-987-9600

214-987-9866 (Fax)

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANT METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing instrument has been mailed, telecopied, electronically served or hand delivered to all attorneys of record, in compliance with Rule 21a. of the TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, on this the 27th day of October, 2015.

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN

MET. 22578

CAUSE NO. DC-15-09583

CURTIS W. JOHNSON,	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	§	
METROPOLITAN LLOYDS	§	DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS;	§	
METROPOLITAN PROPERTY AND	§	
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY;	§	
VERNON ANDERSON; AND	§	
REDDRICK SCOTT,	§	
Defendants.	§	162 nd JUDICIAL DISTRICT

<u>DEFENDANTS VERNON ANDERSON</u> AND REDDRICK SCOTT'S ORIGINAL ANSWER

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

NOW COME, VERNON ANDERSON (hereinafter "ANDERSON") and REDDRICK SCOTT (hereinafter "SCOTT"), Defendants in the above-entitled and numbered cause, and file this their Original Answer and for same would respectfully show unto the Court as follows:

I.

At this time Defendants ANDERSON and SCOTT assert a general denial, as authorized by Rule 92 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and respectfully request that the Court and the jury require Plaintiff to prove his claims, charges, and allegations by a preponderance of the evidence, as required by the constitution and laws of the State of Texas.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

II.

Defendants ANDERSON and SCOTT specifically alleges that they did not breach any statutory duty.

III.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO TRCP 193

By way of further answer, Defendants ANDERSON and SCOTT hereby give actual notice to the Plaintiff, that any and all documents produced during discovery by Plaintiff may be used against the Plaintiff, if any, at any pre-trial proceeding and/or trial of this matter without the necessity of authenticating the document. This notice is given pursuant to Rule 193.7 of the TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

IV.

Defendants ANDERSON and SCOTT hereby, in accordance with Rule 216 of the TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, demand a trial by jury.

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Defendants VERNON ANDERSON and REDDRICK SCOTT, pray that the Plaintiff take nothing by his suit against these Defendants, that on final trial hereof these Defendants go hence with its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred herein, for post judgment interest in the amount allowed by law, and for such other and further relief, both general and special, at law or in equity, to which these Defendants may show themselves justly entitled.

Respectfully Submitted,

FLETCHER, FARLEY, SHIPMAN, & SALINAS, L.L.P.

/s/Michael J. Shipman

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ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS VERNON ANDERSON AND REDDRICK SCOTT

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing instrument has been mailed, telecopied, electronically served or hand delivered to all attorneys of record, in compliance with Rule 21a. of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, on this the 6th day of October, 2015.

/s/Michael J. Shipman

MICHAEL J. SHIPMAN